

# CHECKING THE ANTI-LOCKING BRAKING SYSTEM ELECTRICAL SECTION

XB 453-0a

#### PARTS LIST

#### WARNESS IDENTIFICATION

Front

47: A.B.S. hydraulic control block A

54 : A.B.S. electronic control unit E : Screen wiper

146 : Front LH wheel sensor F : Connection for rear lamps

147 : Front RH wheel sensor MF : Rear lamp earth

148: Rear LH wheel sensor R : Rear

149: Rear RH wheel sensor (No identification): Anti-blocage system.

185: Stoplamp switch

229 : Antitheft/ignition switch312 : Anti-blocage system diode

457: LH stoplamp 1/9/87 →

458: RH stoplamp

470: Fuse

756 : A.B.S. electrovalve relay963 : A.B.S. warning lamp.

NOTE: For the parts and connectors location, see the wiring diagram of (12) Op. XB19E.510.00C.

### A.B.S. SYSTEM AUTO-CHECKING DEVICE:

The anti-locking braking system has a self check device built into the electronic control unit.

#### AIM :

- Check of the internal circuits of the ECU
- Check of the A.B.S. units.

Remark: the road wheel sensor signals will be checked with the engine running.

#### PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION :

- The A.B.S. warning lamp (963) circuit is completed, being connected to earth by connection **27** of the electron control unit (54). The lamp **is on.**
- Connection 2 of the ECU is electrically supplied.
- Connection 8 supplies the control relay (756) via the ECU.
- Connections 8 and 20 of the ECU are supplied by the control relay (756) power circuit.
- If no fault is found, the ECU will cut off the earth circuit at connection 27: the warning lamp will go out.
- The system is ready to operate.

#### A.B.S. FAULT FINDING:

When a fault is detected:

- Connection 8 of the ECU is no longer supplied electrically.
- Control relay (756) does not operate.
- The warning lamp circuit is completed to earth via the relay.
- The A.B.S. is out of operation.

#### CHECKING THE A.B.S. ELECTRONIC UNITS AND ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS:

The ECU connector checks are carried out with the ECU disconnected.

So as not to deteriorate the sockets of the harness connector, it is advised to remove the protection cover « a » and to take readings on the wire entry as shown on drawing, page 2.

With the protector cover removed, the multipin connector has the sockets numbered 1 to 35.

IMPORTANT: Always switch off the electrical supply to the ECU before disconnecting it.

# CHAPTER 1 - Electrical supply to the ECU:

| CHECKING EQUIPMENT<br>VOLMETER or OHM-METER   | CORRECT VALUE                         | IF READING IS INCORRECT   |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| <ul> <li>Switch the ignition on<br/>(accessory or ignition position)</li> <li>Voltmeter between connections 1 and 2.</li> </ul> | above<br>12 V                         | Check the electrical circuit for continuity.                            |
| <ul> <li>Switch the ignition off:</li> <li>Ohrn-meter between connections 1 and 3</li> </ul>                                    | less than $1\Omega$                   | Check: - control relay (756) - the continuity of the circuit            |
| <ul> <li>Ohm-meter between connections</li> <li>1 and 20</li> </ul>   | less than $1\Omega$                   | Check, for continuity, the electrical circuit                           |
| <ul> <li>Ohm-meter between connections 1 and 8</li> </ul>   | between <b>50</b><br>and <b>100</b> Ω | Check: - control relay ( <b>756</b> ) - the continuity of the circuit   |
| <ul> <li>Link up connections 2 and 8 then switch the ignition on :</li> <li>Volt-meter between connections 1 and 3.</li> </ul>  | above<br>12 V                         | Check:  - control relay ( <b>756</b> )  - the continuity of the circuit |

#### CHAPTER 2 - Wheel sensor resistances :

| CHECKING EQUIPMENTS : OHM-METER   | CORRECT VALUE                           | IF READING IS INCORRECT   |
|---|---|---|
| R.H. rear sensor (149): Ohm-meter between connections 4 and 22. L.H. rear sensor (148): Ohm-meter between connections 6 and 24. R.H. front sensor (147): Ohm-meter between connections 7 and 25. L.H. front sensor (146): Ohm-meter between connections 5 and 23. | between<br><b>800</b> and <b>1400</b> Ω | Connect an ohm-meter on the connections of the corresponding sensor.  — if the reading is correct, check the circuit for continuity between the sensor and the ECU plug.  — if the reading is incorrect, change the sensor. |

## CHAPTER 3 - Current output from the sensors:

| CHECKING EQUIPMENT : VOLTMETER<br>« AC » (or « ≈ ») range   | CORRECT VALUE  | IF READING IS INCORRECT  |
|---|--|--|
| The check is carried out by rotating the road wheel of the sensor concerned at approximately 1 turn per second:  R.H. rear sensor (149):  Voltmeter between connections 4 and 22.  L.H. rear sensor (148):  Voltmeter between connections 6 and 24. | Check:  - the reading of the sensor,  - the air gap (not adjustable)  - the rotor wheel (fitting and condition of the teeth)  between  100 and 350mV | <ul> <li>the reading of the sensor,</li> <li>the air gap (not adjustable)</li> </ul> |
| R.H. front sensor (147): Voltmeter between connections 7 and 25.  L.H. front sensor (146): Voltmeter between connections 5 and 23.  |  |  |

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# CHAPTER 4 - Resistance of the controlling electrovalves (located inside the hydraulic control block):

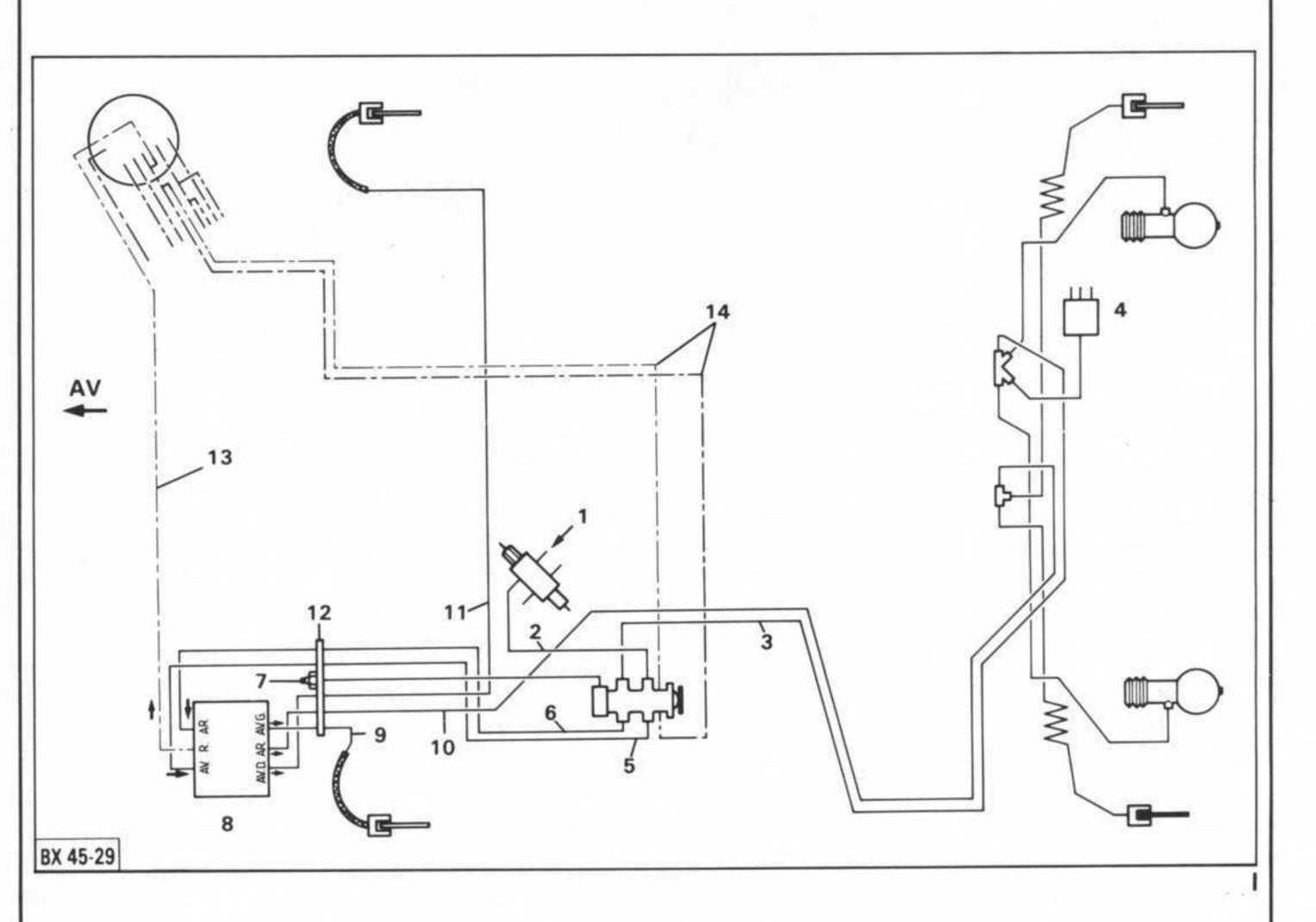
| CHECKING EQUIPMENT : OHM-METER   | CORRECT VALUE        | IF READING IS INCORRECT  |
|--|----------------------|--|
| Ohm-meter between connections 11 and 1   | less than $1\Omega$  | <ul> <li>Check:</li> <li>on the 7-way connector of the hydraulic control block, if lead 11 is to earth.</li> <li>for continuity, the circuit on lead 11 between the ECU and the hydraulic control block.</li> </ul>  |
| R.H. front electrovalve (inlet): ohm-meter between connections 11 and 15  R.H. front electrovalve (exhaust): ohm-meter between connections 11 and 34  L.H. front electrovalve (inlet): ohm-meter between connections 11 and 35  L.H. front electrovalve (exhaust): ohm-meter between connections 11 and 16  Rear electrovalve (inlet): ohm-meter between connections 11 and 17  Rear electrovalve (exhaust): ohm-meter between connections 11 and 33 | between<br>3 and 7 Ω | Check:  - on the 7-way connector of the hydraulic control block, the resistance of the electrovalves:  ohm-meter between leads:  - 11 and 15  - 11 and 34  - 11 and 35  - 11 and 16  - 11 and 17  - 11 and 33  - If one of the readings is incorrect, change the hydraulic block.  If all the readings are correct, check the continuity of the electrical circuit between the 7-way connector of the hydraulic control bloc and the ECU plug. |

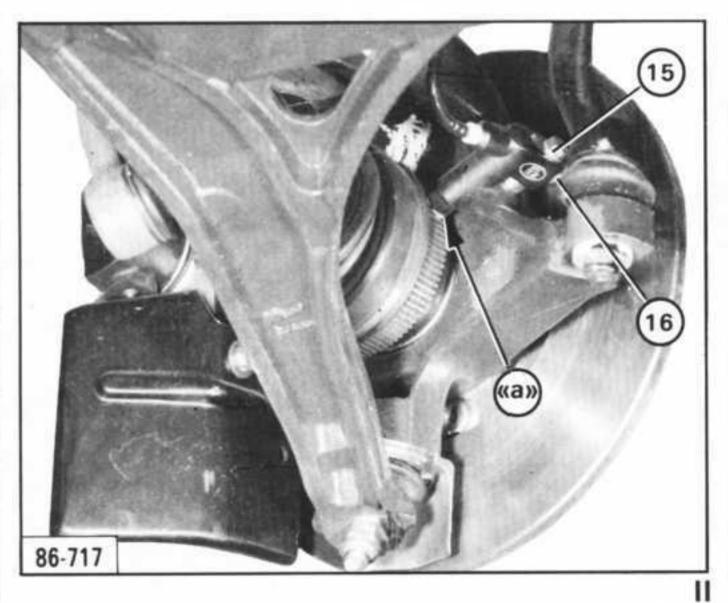
## CHAPTER 5 - Resistance of the main electrovalve (attached to the hydraulic control block)

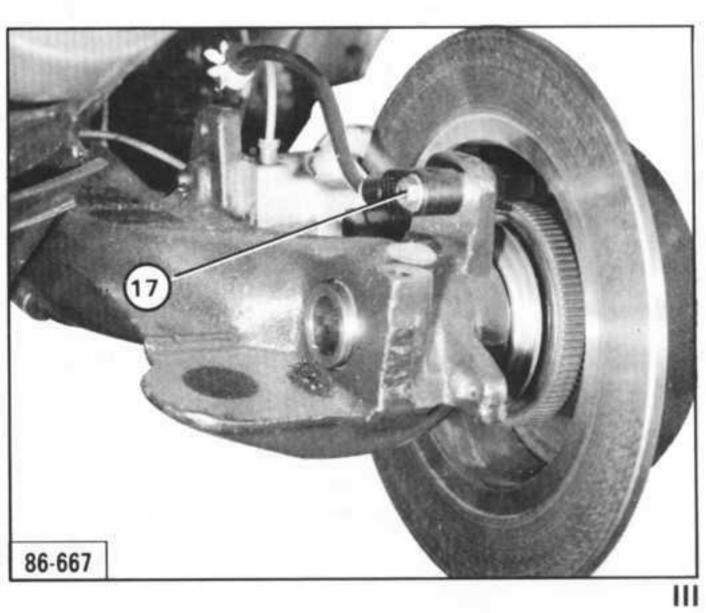
| CHECKING EQUIPMENT: OHM-METER           | CORRECT VALUE                          | IF READING IS INCORRECT   |
|---|--|---|
| Ohm-meter between connections 11 and 18 | between <b>2</b> and <b>5</b> $\Omega$ | Connect an ohm-meter on the 2-way connector of the hydraulic control block (not disconnected):  — if the reading is correct, check the continuity of the circuit between the electrovalve connector and the ECU plug,  — if the reading is incorrect, change the hydraulic block. |

# CHAPTER 6 - Screening of the sensor leads:

| CHECKING EQUIPMENT : OHM-METER                                     | CORRECT VALUE | IF READING IS INCORRECT  |
|--|---------------|--|
| R.H. rear sensor (149):<br>ohm-meter between connections 4 and 1   |               |  |
| L.H. rear sensor (148):<br>ohm-meter between connections 6 and 1   | œ             | Check the insulation of the electrical circuit screening against the earth of the vehicle. |
| R.H. front sensor (147):<br>ohrn-meter between connections 7 and 1 |               |  |
| L.H. front sensor (146):<br>ohm-meter between connections 5 and 1  |               |  |









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# CHARACTERISTICS AND SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE BRAKING SYSTEM

#### ANTI-LOCKING BRAKING SYSTEM

### Hydraulic circuit, Fig. I

- 1: Source of pressure.
- 2: High pressure supply to the brake control valve (front brakes).
- 3: Rear suspension pressure; feed to control valve (rear brakes).
- 4: Rear suspension height corrector.
- 5: Front braking pressure to hydraulic control block.
- 6: Rear braking pressure to hydraulic control block.
- 7: Compensator bleed screw.
- 8 ; A.B.S. hydraulic control block.
- 9 : Front LH wheel braking pressure.
- 10: Rear wheels braking pressure.
- 11: Front RH wheel braking pressure.
- 12: Brake tube carrier on bulkhead.
- 13: Hydraulic block return to reservoir.
- 14: Brake control valve return to reservoir.

Note: Front brake hoses have a blue identification mark; hose connection is M.  $9 \times 125$  instead of M.  $8 \times 125$ .

#### Road wheel sensors

Front wheel sensors, Fig. II.

Air gap: 0.30 m to 1 mm (not adjustable)

Fitting a new sensor:

- slacken screw (16),
- offer up the sensor with its adjusting paper shim « a »,
- tighten screw (15) previously coated with LOCTITE FRENETANCH compound, to 1 mdaN,
- push the sensor until its paper shim is into contact with the toothed wheel,
- tighten screw (16) until it shears.

Rear wheel sensors, Fig. III.

Air gap: 0,50 to 1,10 mm (not adjustable)

Screw (17) tightening: 1 mdaN (previously coated with LOCTITE FRENETANCH)

Hydraulic block (8), Fig. I (identification : purple disc 09/87 →)

Situated on the front LH wheel arch.

It is composed of 6 electro-valves (2 per braking circuit: LH front, RH front and rear).

The hydraulic pipe connections are marked as shown on the drawing of Fig. I.

Electronic control unit (identification : purple disc 09/87 →)

Located under the front LH seat.

REPAIR: On the vehicles produced until 09/87, the electronic control unit or the hydraulic block with the purple identification replaces the former ones.

It is compulsory to fit a part with a purple identification to the vehicles manufactured since 09/87 or having components with purple ident. marks.

CHECKING the A.B.S.: See Op (1) XB 453-Oa.